Diane Ehrensaft, Ph.D.

Director of Mental Health

Child and Adolescent Gender Center

University of California Benioff Children's Hospital

Associate Professor of Pediatrics, UCSF

dehrensaft@earthlink.net

APPLES, ORANGES, AND FRUIT SALAD: SORTING OUT TRANSGENDER, GENDER EXPANSIVE, & GENDER NON-BINARY CHILDREN AND YOUTH

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THE NEW GENDER WARS

 Gender comes in an infinite variety, and children should get to live in their affirmed gender at such time they know it.

VS.

 Once a boy, always a boy, once a girl, always a girl. Biology is destiny.

VS.

- We need to wait and see, how about until adolescence, and not jump to premature conclusions about a child.
- Recent evidence of gender wars:

Bathrooms

A MESSAGE FROM NORTH CAROLINA TO THE GOOD PEOPLE OF TEXAS



Gender Affirmative Model

(Hidalgo, Ehrensaft, Tishelman, Clark, Garofalo, Rosenthal, Spack & Olson, 2013)

- Major premises informing practice:
 - Gender variations are not disorders
 - Gender presentations are diverse and varied across cultures, requiring cultural sensitivity
 - Gender involves an interweaving, over time, of
 - Biology
 - Development and socialization
 - Culture and context
 - Gender may be fluid, is not always binary
 - If present, individual psychological/psychiatric problems are often secondary to negative interpersonal and cultural reactions to a child
 - Gender pathology lies more in the culture than in the child

Gender Health

 Youth's opportunity to live in gender that feels most real and/or comfortable

 Youth's ability to express gender with freedom from restriction, aspersion or rejection

THE GENDER WEB



GENDER WEB

Each person's gender web weaves together

- Nature
- Nurture
- Culture

THE THREADS IN THE GENDER WEB: NATURE, NURTURE, AND CULTURE

- Ohromosomes
- Hormones
- Hormone receptors
- Gonads/Primary sex characteristics
- Secondary sex characteristics
- Brain
- Mind
- Socialization: Family, School, Community
- Culture: Values, Ethics, Laws, Theories and Practices

CHILDREN BEYOND THE GENDER BINARY

Gender Expansive Children

Transgender Children Gender Fluid Children Gender Hybrids

Gender Priuses: Half Girl-Half Boy

Gender Tauruses: One on Top, Other on Bottom

Gender by Season: School year girl, Summer boy

Gender by Location: Home boy, At Grandma's girl

Gender Teslas

Gender Ambidextrous Children

Gender Smoothies

Gender Queer Youth

Non-binary/Agender Youth

Pangender Youth

Protogay Children

Prototransgender Youth

Gender Tootsie Roll Pops

GENDER AFFIRMATIVE MODEL TREATMENT GOALS

Facilitating authentic gender self

Alleviating gender stress or distress

Building Gender Resilience

Securing Social Supports

ESSENTIAL THERAPEUTIC TENET It is not for us to say, but for the children to tell



MYTH ABOUT THE GENDER AFFIRMATIVE MODEL

We rubber stamp whatever a child tells us about their gender.

RESEARCH ON GENDER-NONCONFORMING CHILDREN

- PERSISTERS: YOUNG CHILDREN WHO RECEIVE A GENDER DIAGNOSIS EARLY IN LIFE AND PERSIST WITH THAT DIAGNOSIS INTO ADOLESCENCE
- DESISTERS: YOUNG CHILDREN WHO RECEIVE A GENDER DIAGNOSIS EARLY IN LIFE AND NO LONGER HAVE THAT DIAGNOSIS BY PUBERTY
- MAJORITY OF CHILDREN IN CLINICAL STUDIES HAVE PROVEN TO BE DESISTERS (most recent finding: 63%[Steensma et al., 2013])

YOU SHOULD KNOW

Persisters/desisters presently most popular set of studies quoted to argue that:

- 1. Young children cannot possibly know their gender
- 2. Until further notice, they should use bathrooms that match what's between their leas

SO HERE'S THE QUESTION

HOW COULD WE POSSIBLY SORT OUT THE PERSISTERS AND DESISTERS EARLY IN LIFE?

AND

IF WE CAN'T, HOW COULD WE ALLOW YOUNG CHILDREN TO TRANSITION FROM ONE GENDER TO ANOTHER (an option for prepubertal children)?

Controversy: Social Transitions

- Do social transitions from one gender to another make sense in young children?
- Corollary: Can a young child know their gender identity?

ANOTHER QUESTION TO CHEW ON

- In standard texts on gender development, a healthy child by age six is expected to know the gender they are
- And yet so many people doubt that a child of six can really know that they are transgender
- So how come cisgender children can and are supposed to know their stable gender identity by age six, but transgender children can't?

Isn't that a double standard?



Double Standard

"When a situation is desireable for one group but deplorable for another."

Inferring Childhood from Study of Transgender Adults

- On-line survey of 3,474 transgender adults (Beemyn & Rankin, 2011):
 82.6% aware before age 12 they felt different
- Follow-up interviews (N = 419):
 67% transgender men, 62% transgender women felt from young age different from gender assigned at birth
- Childhood: majority expressed gender in hiding
- Reported effect: psychological pain and suffering

TASK FOR GENDER SPECIALISTS

- To identify individuals like Beemyn and Rankin's subjects early in life so that:
- 1. authentic gender can unfold without having to hide/without restrictions and barriers
- 2. continuity rather than bifurcation exists between childhood and adulthood gender
- 3. childhood psychological suffering is reduced

DIALING BACK TO THE PERSISTER/DESISTER DATA

"Feelings of gender dysphoria persisted into adolescence in only 39 out of 246 of the children (15.8%) who were investigated in a number of prospective follow-up studies.... [R]esults unequivocally showed that the gender dysphoria remitted after puberty in the vast majority of children."

(T. D. Steensma, R. Biemond, F. de Boer, P. Cohen-Kettenis. Desisting and persisting gender dysphoria after childhood: A qualitative follow-up study. *Clin Child Psychol Psychiatry*, 2011, 16: 499-516, p. 500)

Clinical Conclusion of Persister/Desister Data

- Since only a small number of gender dysphoric children will continue to be gender dysphoric in adolescence, this is not a reliable predictor of later transgender outcome.
- Therefore, give children a chance to explore their gender, but do not promote an early gender transition, as most of these children will grow out of their gender dysphoria and will not grow up to be transgender.

Clinical Misuse of Persister/Desister Data

If we move in early to get children to accept their assigned gender, to "live comfortably in their own skin" (Zucker, 2012) we might be able to ward off a transgender outcome.

FAULT LINE IN CLINICAL PERSISTER/DESISTER STUDIES

- THEY CONCENTRATE ON MEASURES OF GENDER DYSPHORIA (IN THE PAST, OF GENDER IDENTITY DISORDER)
- THEY FAIL TO HIGHLIGHT THE MORE CRITICAL VARIABLES:
 1.CHILD'S GENDER IDENTITY
 2.CHILD'S GENDER EXPRESSIONS



METHODOLOGICAL FLAW IN THE DUTCH PESISTER/ DESISTER STUDY

- Children who did not return to the clinic by puberty were counted as desisters
- How could the researchers know?
- Result of the flaw:
 - *Inflates the number of desisters
 - *Makes it look like a smaller percentage of persisters

PERSISTERS/DESISTERS = APPLES AND ORANGES

- The desisters not the same children as the persisters.
- The desisters most likely never wanted to change their assigned gender. Majority of them: most likely proto-gay.
- The persisters most likely Beemyn and Rankin's transgender subjects as young people.

SEPARATING APPLES FROM ORANGES?

• Can we differentiate the two groups in childhood, rather than having the persisters wait until they grow older to claim their affirmed gender?

• Answer: Not with a 100% accuracy, but, to quote our past U.S. president in his 2008 campaign: "Yes We Can."

APPLES, ORANGES, FRUIT SALAD

- SOME YOUTH WILL BE EXPLORING OR AFFIRMING THEIR GENDER IDENTITY (APPLES)
- SOME YOUTH WILL BE EXPLORING OR AFFIRMING THEIR GENDER EXPRESSIONS (ORANGES)
- SOME YOUTH WILL BE EXPLORING OR AFFIRMING BOTH (FRUIT SALADS)

A REASON TO CARE

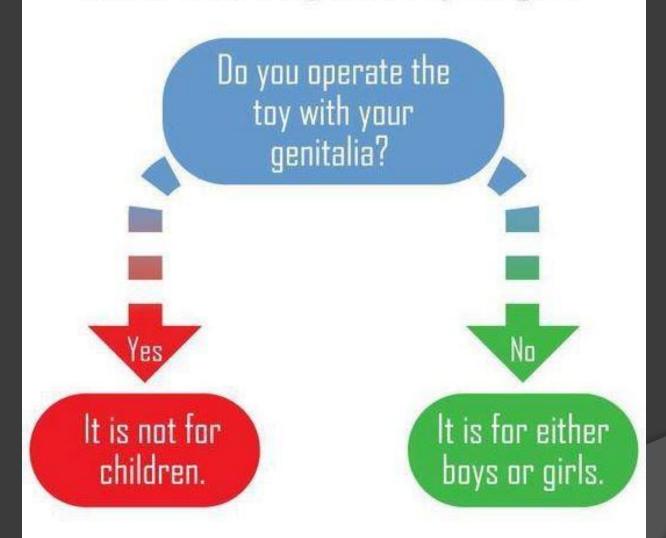
CHILDREN HAVE BETTER MENTAL HEALTH **OUTCOMES IF WE** RECOGNIZE THEM FOR THE **GENDER THEY ARE RATHER** THAN THE GENDER WE THINK THEY SHOULD BE

Separating Apples and Oranges: Requires Separating Gender Identity from Gender Expressions

- GENDER IDENTITY: Who I know myself to be at my core—male, female, or other
- GENDER EXPRESSION: How I put my gender presentation together—the toys I like to play with, the activities I like to do, the children I choose to play with, the clothes I like to wear, the way I like to move, and so forth

CHEAT SHEET FOR GENDER EXPRESSIONS

How to tell if a toy is for boys or girls.



original version via (facebook.com/dumbsainthood) updated version (duelinganalogs.com)

SECOND STEP SEPARATING APPLES FROM ORANGES

Stop measuring gender dysphoria (= measure of pathology or psychological distress)

 Start measuring gender identity (= measure of developmental status and cognitive/emotional awareness)

APPLES



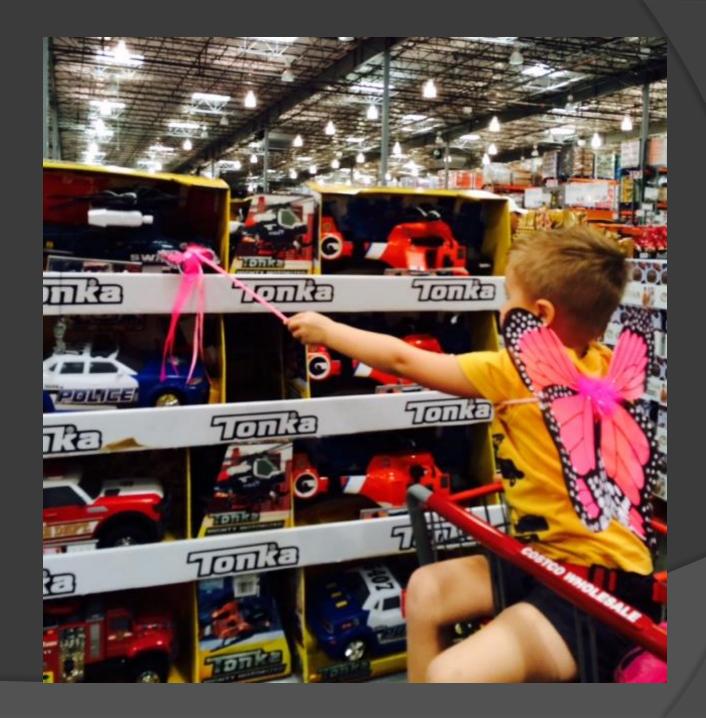
- Children who often show up in child gender research as the "persisters"
- Cross- gender in identifications early in life; continue on the same track into and beyond puberty (Consistent, Persistent, and Insistent)
- Typically say, "I am a -----" rather than "I wish I was a -----"
- Many express body dysphoria
- Gender explorations typically don't present as child's play but serious work
- Nature thread of their gender web often quite strong
- Our youngest cohort of transgender people

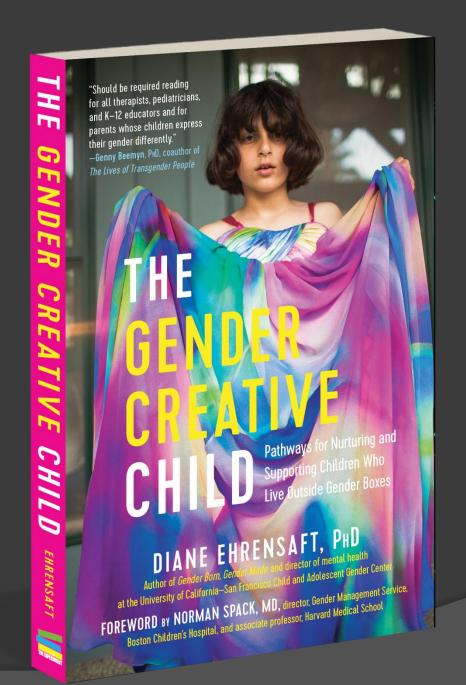




ORANGES

- Children who often show up in child gender research as the "desisters"
- Gender-nonconforming but do not repudiate their assigned natal sex. May say "I wish I was a ..."
- Large number of these children will become gay or queer, exploring gender on way to discovering sexual identities
- Do not tend to repudiate their bodies, but can engage in fantasy play or ruminations about life in another body
- Explorations in realm of gender expressions rather than core gender identities
- Nature, nurture, and culture all strong threads



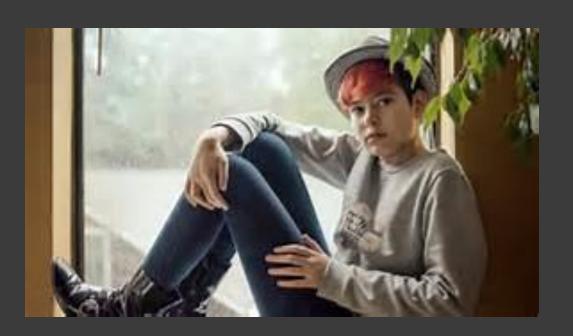


FRUIT SALAD



- Tapestry of self which is neither male nor female but own creative understanding of gender, both in identities and expressions
- These children resist gender boxes
- Often live in gender middle grounds, where no either/or but instead all and any
- = our agender, pangender, gender fluid, gender queer children and youth
- Recently, culture thread of gender web shown to be strong: children influenced by new notion of gender infinity





When should we think about a social transition for an apple?



- When other possibilities ruled out, especially gender as a symptom of some other underlying problem
- When central issue is determined to be gender identity, not gender expressions
- When child expresses need/desire to transition
- When parents can offer positive support for their child transitioning
- → Then consider a social transition, either everywhere, or in safe situations

What About the Oranges?



• If issue is gender expression, not core gender identity, carve out space and support for child to express gender in way that suits the child, not way that suits society

 No social gender transition is necessary

What About the Fruit Salads?



- They are a mélange
- Some may request or benefit from a gender transition, but not necessarily a binary one
- Others are fine with the sex assigned on their birth certificate, but redefine what that means
- We need to stretch our thinking to consider multiple gender identities with multiple gender expressions

FOR ALL GENDER CREATIVE CHILDREN



- What if safety and protection needed in face of a hostile environment?
- Then child helped to understand need for reining in authentic gender not because something wrong with the child, but because some people haven't yet been taught about gender in all its flavors and hues.
- And told: "When people don't understand, they may not be supportive or nice, but we're working on changing that."



WHAT IF THEY CHANGE THEIR MINDS?

- Then we help them spin together their gender web as they know it now
- There are no data to indicate that children who change their gender more than once over time, including switching back from transgender to their original gender, are at risk for any psychological disturbances—as long a we support them in their journey

Guidelines for Ensuring Healthy Apples, Oranges and Fruit Salad

- Listen to the child, help the child discover gender position that feels most authentic, fortify that child's gender resilience
- From Milton Diamond: Gender does not lie between our legs, but between our ears. To live comfortably in your skin does not equate with living uncomfortably with your genitalia.
- Always keep in mind that penis does not necessarily
 male and vagina does not necessarily
 female
- Make no attempts to ward off a transgender or gender expansive outcome, including social transitions in pre-pubertal children

LET THE CHILDREN SPEAK

- Question asked to a UCSF Gender Clinic nine-year-old patient, an apple, who had socially transitioned from male to female at age 8:
 - "What would you do if someone told you that now it was time to go back to living as a boy?"
- Emphatic Response:
 - "I'd take 'em to court." Pause. "Or they can take me to court."

LET THAT BE A GUIDELINE FOR ALL OF US

Thank You